UNITED
NATIONS

A

General Assembly

Distr.
LIMITED

A/47/L.19
16 November 1992

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Forty-seventh session
Agenda item 139

# COMPLETE WITHDRAWAL OF FOREIGN MILITARY FORCES FROM THE TERRITORIES OF THE BALTIC STATES

Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania: draft resolution

The General Assembly,

Having considered the item entitled "Complete withdrawal of foreign military forces from the territories of the Baltic States",

Considering that the United Nations, pursuant to the provisions of its Charter, has a major role to play in, and responsibility for, the maintenance of international peace and security,

Recalling with particular satisfaction that independence was restored in Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania through peaceful and democratic means,

Recognizing that the stationing of foreign military forces on the territories of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania without the required consent of those countries is a problem remaining from the past that must be resolved in a peaceful manner,

Welcoming recent agreements on the complete withdrawal of foreign military forces from the territory of Lithuania,

Welcoming also the bilateral talks on the complete withdrawal of foreign military forces from the territories of Estonia and Latvia,

Concerned about the continuing absence of any agreements for the complete withdrawal of foreign military forces from the territories of Estonia and Latvia,

Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General entitled "An Agenda for Peace" 1/ pursuant to the statement adopted by the Summit Meeting of the Security Council on 31 January 1992,

Mindful that the timely application of preventive diplomacy is the most desirable and efficient means to ease tensions before they result in conflict,

Welcoming the "Helsinki Document 1992 - The Challenges of Change", in particular paragraph 15, agreed upon at the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, held at Helsinki, on 9 and 10 July 1992, 2/

Recognizing that the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe is a regional arrangement in the sense of Chapter VIII of the Charter of the United Nations, and as such provides an important link between European and global security,

Recognizing also that regional organizations participating in complementary efforts with the United Nations may encourage States outside the region to act supportively,

1. Expresses support for the efforts made by the States participating in the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe to remove the foreign military forces stationed on the territories of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania without the required consent of those countries, in a peaceful manner and through negotiations;

2. Calls upon the States concerned, in line with the basic principles of international law and in order to prevent any possible conflict, to conclude, without delay, appropriate agreements, including timetables, for the early, orderly and complete withdrawal of foreign military forces from the territories of Estonia and Latvia;

3. Urges the Secretary-General to use his good offices to facilitate the complete withdrawal of foreign military forces from the territories of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania;

4. Requests the Secretary-General to keep Member States informed of progress towards the implementation of the present resolution and to report thereon to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session;

5. Decides to include in the provisional agenda of its forty-eighth session the item entitled "Complete withdrawal of foreign military forces from the territories of the Baltic States".

---

1/ A/47/277-S/24111.

2/ A/47/361-S/24370, annex.

UNITED
NATIONS

A

General Assembly

Distr.
LIMITED

A/47/L.20
18 November 1992
ENGLISH
ORIGINAL: SPANISH

Forty-seventh session
Agenda item 39

# NECESSITY OF ENDING THE ECONOMIC, COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL EMBARGO IMPOSED BY THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AGAINST CUBA

## Cuba: draft resolution

The General Assembly,

Determined to encourage strict compliance with the purposes and principles enshrined in the Charter of the United Nations,

Reaffirming, among other principles, the sovereign equality of States, non-intervention and non-interference in their internal affairs, freedom of trade and international navigation, which are also enshrined in many international legal instruments,

Concerned by the promulgation and application by Member States of laws and regulations whose extra-territorial effects affect the sovereignty of other States and the legitimate interests of entities or persons under their jurisdiction, and the freedom of trade and navigation,

Having learned of the recent promulgation by the Government of the United States of America of measures of that nature aimed at strengthening and extending the economic, commercial and financial embargo against Cuba,

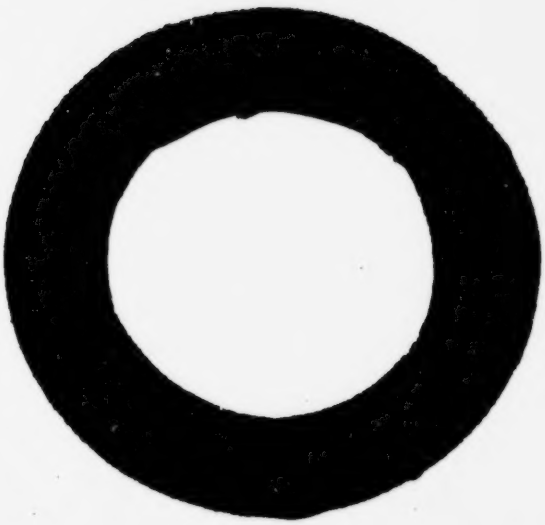
1. Calls upon all States to refrain from promulgating and applying laws and measures of the kind referred to in the preamble to this resolution in conformity with their obligations under the Charter of the United Nations and international law, and with the commitments which they have freely entered into in acceding to international legal instruments which, inter alia, reaffirm the freedom of trade and navigation;

2. Urges States which have such laws or measures to take the necessary steps to repeal or invalidate them as soon as possible in accordance with their legal regime;

3. Requests the Secretary-General to prepare a report on the implementation of this resolution and to submit it for consideration by the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session;

4. Decides to include in the provisional agenda of the forty-eighth session the item entitled "Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba".

---



UNITED
NATIONS

A

General Assembly

Distr.
LIMITED

A/47/L.20/Rev.1
23 November 1992
ENGLISH
ORIGINAL: SPANISH

Forty-seventh session
Agenda item 39

# NECESSITY OF ENDING THE ECONOMIC, COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL EMBARGO IMPOSED BY THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AGAINST CUBA

Cuba: revised draft resolution

The General Assembly,

Determined to encourage strict compliance with the purposes and principles enshrined in the Charter of the United Nations,

Reaffirming, among other principles, the sovereign equality of States, non-intervention and non-interference in their internal affairs, freedom of trade and international navigation, which are also enshrined in many international legal instruments,

Concerned by the promulgation and application by Member States of laws and regulations whose extra-territorial effects affect the sovereignty of other States and the legitimate interests of entities or persons under their jurisdiction, and the freedom of trade and navigation,

Having learned of the recent promulgation of measures of that nature aimed at strengthening and extending the economic, commercial and financial embargo against Cuba,

1. Calls upon all States to refrain from promulgating and applying laws and measures of the kind referred to in the preamble to this resolution in conformity with their obligations under the Charter of the United Nations and international law, and with the commitments which they have freely entered into in acceding to international legal instruments which, inter alia, reaffirm the freedom of trade and navigation;

2. Urges States which have such laws or measures to take the necessary steps to repeal or invalidate them as soon as possible in accordance with their legal regime;

3. Requests the Secretary-General to prepare a report on the implementation of this resolution and to submit it for consideration by the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session;

4. Decides to include the item in the provisional agenda of the forty-eighth session.

---

UNITED
NATIONS

A

General Assembly

Distr.
LIMITED

A/47/L.21
19 November 1992

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Forty-seventh session
Agenda item 25

# COOPERATION BETWEEN THE UNITED NATIONS AND THE ORGANIZATION OF THE ISLAMIC CONFERENCE

Turkey: draft resolution

The General Assembly,

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General on cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference, 1/

Taking into account the desire of both organizations to cooperate more closely in their common search for solutions to global problems, such as questions relating to international peace and security, disarmament, self-determination, decolonization, fundamental human rights and economic and technical development,

Recalling the Articles of the Charter of the United Nations which encourage activities through regional cooperation for the promotion of the purposes and principles of the United Nations,

Noting the strengthening of cooperation between the specialized agencies and other organizations of the United Nations system and the Organization of the Islamic Conference and its specialized institutions,

Noting with satisfaction the meeting on human resources development: basic education and training of the working group, held at Jeddah, on 17 and 18 May 1992,

Noting also the encouraging progress made in the seven priority areas of cooperation as well as in the identification of other areas of cooperation,

---

1/ A/47/450 and Add.1.

Convinced that the strengthening of cooperation between the United Nations and other organizations of the United Nations system and the Organization of the Islamic Conference contributes to the promotion of the purposes and principles of the United Nations,

Noting with appreciation the determination of both organizations to strengthen further the existing cooperation by developing specific proposals on the designated priority areas of cooperation,

Recognizing the ongoing need for closer cooperation between the specialized agencies and other organizations of the United Nations system and the Organization of the Islamic Conference and its specialized institutions in the implementation of the proposals adopted at the coordination meeting of the focal points of the lead agencies of the two organizations,

Taking into account the meeting of the focal points of the lead agencies of the United Nations system and the Organization of the Islamic Conference and its specialized institutions, held at Geneva from 27 to 29 October 1992,

Recalling its resolutions 37/4 of 22 October 1982, 38/4 of 28 October 1983, 39/7 of 8 November 1984, 40/4 of 25 October 1985, 41/3 of 16 October 1986, 42/4 of 15 October 1987, 43/2 of 17 October 1988, 44/8 of 18 October 1989, 45/9 of 25 October 1990 and 46/13 of 28 October 1991,

1. Takes note with satisfaction of the report of the Secretary-General; 1/

2. Takes note of the conclusions and recommendations of the sectoral meeting on human resources development: basic education and training;

3. Notes with satisfaction the active participation of the Organization of the Islamic Conference in the work of the United Nations towards the realization of the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations;

4. Requests the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference to continue cooperation in their common search for solutions to global problems, such as questions relating to international peace and security, disarmament, self-determination, decolonization, fundamental human rights and economic and technical development;

5. Encourages the specialized agencies and other organizations of the United Nations system to continue to expand their cooperation with the Organization of the Islamic Conference, particularly by negotiating cooperation agreements, and invites them to multiply the contacts and meetings of the focal points for cooperation in priority areas of interest to the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference;

6. Welcomes the follow-up action of the sectoral meeting on human resources development: basic education and training by the United Nations system and the Organization of the Islamic Conference and its specialized institutions;

7. Recommends that a general meeting between representatives of the secretariats of the United Nations system and the Organization of the Islamic Conference and its specialized institutions be organized in 1993 at a date and place to be determined through consultations with the concerned organizations;

8. Urges the organizations of the United Nations system, especially the lead agencies to provide increased technical and other forms of assistance to the Organization of the Islamic Conference and its specialized institutions in order to enhance cooperation;

9. Expresses its appreciation to the Secretary-General for his continued efforts to strengthen cooperation and coordination between the United Nations and other organizations of the United Nations system and the Organization of the Islamic Conference to serve the mutual interests of the two organizations in the political, economic and cultural fields;

10. Requests the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference to hold consultations on a regular basis between representatives of the Secretariat of the United Nations and the General Secretariat of the Organization of the Islamic Conference focusing on the implementation of programmes, projects and follow-up action;

11. Requests the Secretary-General of the United Nations, in cooperation with the Secretary-General of the Organization of the Islamic Conference, to continue encouraging the convening of sectoral meetings in the priority areas of cooperation, namely areas of environment, disaster relief and science and technology, as recommended by the 1983 and 1990 meetings of the focal points of the two organizations, including the follow-up to the sectoral meetings;

12. Expresses its appreciation for the efforts of the Secretary-General in the promotion of cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference, and expresses the hope that he will continue to strengthen the mechanisms of coordination between the two organizations;

13. Requests the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session on the state of cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference;

14. Decides to include in the provisional agenda of its forty-eighth session the item entitled "Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference".

---

UNITED
NATIONS

A

General Assembly

Distr.
LIMITED

A/47/L.22
20 November 1992

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Forty-seventh session
Agenda item 37

# STRENGTHENING OF THE COORDINATION OF HUMANITARIAN EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Pakistan: draft resolution

The General Assembly,

Reaffirming its resolution 46/182 of 19 December 1991 and the annex thereto, in particular the guiding principles contained therein,

Deeply concerned about the magnitude and ruinous effects of disasters and emergency situations, which call, inter alia, for more international cooperation to mitigate the human suffering of their victims and to expedite the rehabilitation and reconstruction processes,

Expressing its concern about the lack of adequate and prompt response of donors to disasters and emergency situations,

Underlining the need for availability of additional financial resources to ensure adequate and prompt response to humanitarian emergency assistance of the United Nations,

Welcoming the establishment of the Department of Humanitarian Affairs and the appointment of an Under-Secretary-General for Humanitarian Affairs, as envisaged in resolution 46/182,

Emphasizing the role of the Emergency Relief Coordinator in ensuring better preparation for, as well as rapid and coherent response to, natural disasters and other emergencies,

Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General, 1/

---

1/ A/47/595.

92-73874 4655Z (E) 201192 221192

/...

1. Emphasizes the dynamic role of the Secretary-General in mobilizing the necessary resources for full implementation of General Assembly resolution 46/182;

2. Decides to increase the resources of the revolving fund, based on voluntary contributions, to ensure the rapid and coordinated response of the organizations of the system;

3. Calls upon donor countries who have pledged contributions to the revolving fund urgently to fulfil their commitments;

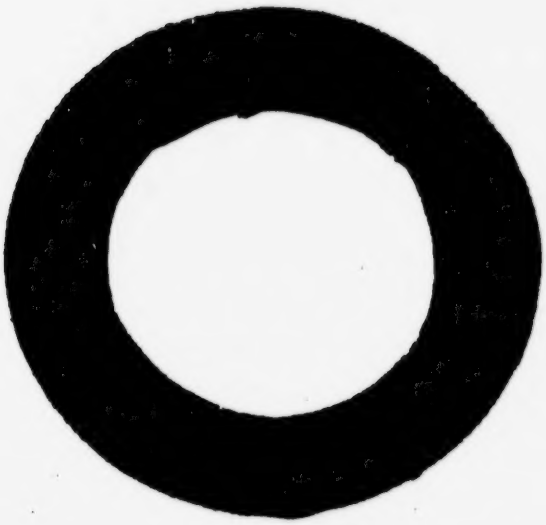
4. Also calls upon donor countries to adopt necessary measures to increase and expedite their contributions in support of those United Nations activities related to emergency humanitarian situations;

5. Recognizes the need for provision of adequate qualified personnel and administrative resources to the Department of Humanitarian Affairs;

6. Requests the Secretary-General, in his annual report on the coordination of humanitarian emergency assistance, to review the effectiveness and achievements of the new institutional arrangements of the Humanitarian Assistance System, as well as the progress made in the implementation of General Assembly resolution 46/182;

7. Also requests the Secretary-General to explore the possibilities and advantages of establishing warehouses for regional emergency items and to report thereon to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session.

---



UNITED
NATIONS

A

General Assembly

Distr.
LIMITED

A/47/L.23
20 November 1992

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Forty-seventh session
Agenda item 22

# THE SITUATION OF DEMOCRACY AND HUMAN RIGHTS IN HAITI

## Venezuela: draft resolution

The General Assembly,

Having considered the item entitled "The situation of democracy and human rights in Haiti",

Recalling its resolutions 46/7 of 11 October 1991 and 46/138 of 17 December 1991, as well as the relevant resolutions and decisions adopted by the Economic and Social Council, the Commission on Human Rights and by other international forums,

Welcoming resolutions MRE/RES.1/91, 1/ MRE/RES.2/91 2/ and MRE/RES.3/92, adopted on 3 and 8 October 1991 and 17 May 1992, respectively, by the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the member countries of the Organization of American States,

Also welcoming resolution CP/RES 594 (923/92) on the re-establishment of democracy in Haiti, adopted by the Permanent Council of the Organization of American States on 10 November 1992,

Considering that, despite the efforts of the international community, the legitimate Government of President Jean-Bertrand Aristide has not yet been re-established and that civil and political liberties continue to be trampled upon in Haiti,

---

1/ See A/46/231, annex, appendix.

2/ See A/46/550-S/23127, annex.

Greatly alarmed by the persistence and worsening of gross violations of human rights, in particular summary and arbitrary executions, involuntary disappearance, reports of torture and rape, arbitrary arrests and detentions, as well as the denial of freedom of expression, of assembly and of association,

Concerned that the persistence of this situation could increase the number of Haitians seeking refuge in neighbouring Member States and convinced that a reversal of this situation is needed to prevent its negative repercussions on the region,

Welcoming the measures taken by the Secretary-General of the United Nations to lend his support to the Organization of American States, in particular the participation of his personal representative in the mission of the Secretary-General of the Organization of American States to Haiti, from 19 to 21 August 1992,

Taking into account its resolution 47/11 of 29 October 1992 on cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of American States,

Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General on the situation of democracy and human rights in Haiti, 3/

Taking note also of the statement by the Secretary-General in his report on the work of the Organization, in which he declares that he stands "ready to help in any other way to resolve the Haitian crisis", 4/

Aware that, in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations, the Organization promotes and encourages respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms for all, and that the Universal Declaration of Human Rights states that "the will of the people shall be the basis of the authority of government", 5/

Recognizing the urgent need for an early, comprehensive and peaceful settlement of the situation in Haiti in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations and international law,

1. Strongly condemns again the attempted illegal replacement of the constitutional President of Haiti and the use of violence and military coercion and the violation of human rights in that country;

---

3/ A/47/599 and Add.1.

4/ Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-seventh Session, Supplement No. 1 (A/47/1), sect. IV, para. 119.

5/ Resolution 217 A (III), art. 21, para. 3.

2. Reaffirms as unacceptable any entity resulting from that illegal situation and demands the restoration of the legitimate Government of President Jean-Bertrand Aristide, together with the full application of the National Constitution and hence the full observance of human rights in Haiti;

3. Takes note of the efforts by the Secretary-General of the Organization of American States to seek the implementation of the resolutions adopted by that organization;

4. Affirms that the solution of the Haitian crisis should take into account resolutions MRE/RES.1/91, MRE/RES.2/91, MRE/RES.3/92 and CP/RES 594 (923/92) of the Organization of American States;

5. Requests the Secretary-General of the United Nations to take the necessary measures in order to assist, in cooperation with the Organization of American States, in the solution of the Haitian crisis;

6. Urges the States Members of the United Nations to renew their support within the framework of the Charter of the United Nations and international law by adopting measures in accordance with resolutions MRE/RES.1/91, MRE/RES.2/91, MRE/RES.3/92 and CP/RES 594 (923/92) adopted by the Organization of American States, especially as they relate to the strengthening of representative democracy, the constitutional order and to the embargo on trade with Haiti;

7. Also urges the States Members of the United Nations and other international organizations to increase their humanitarian assistance to the Haitian people and to support all efforts to resolve the problems associated with displaced persons, and encourages, in this context, the strengthening of the institutional coordination established among United Nations agencies, as well as between the United Nations and the Organization of American States;

8. Calls upon the international community to refrain from supplying materials for the use of military forces or police in Haiti, including arms, ammunitions and petroleum, until the present crisis has been resolved;

9. Emphasizes that an increase in technical, economic and financial cooperation, when constitutional order is restored in Haiti, will be necessary to support its economic and social development efforts in order to strengthen its democratic institutions;

10. Requests the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly by mid-February, at a resumed session, a report on the implementation of the present resolution;

11. Decides to keep open the consideration of this item until a solution to the situation is found.

---

UNITED NATIONS

A

General Assembly

Distr.
LIMITED

A/47/L.24
20 November 1992

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Forty-seventh session
Agenda item 26

# ZONE OF PEACE AND COOPERATION OF THE SOUTH ATLANTIC

Angola, Argentina, Benin, Brazil, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Liberia, Namibia, Nigeria, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Togo and Uruguay: draft resolution

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 41/11 of 27 October 1986, in which it solemnly declared the Atlantic Ocean, in the region situated between Africa and South America, the "Zone of peace and cooperation of the South Atlantic",

Recalling also its subsequent resolutions on the matter, including resolution 45/36 of 27 November 1990 and 46/19 of 25 November 1991, in which it reaffirmed the determination of the States of the zone to enhance and accelerate their cooperation in the political, economic, scientific, technical, cultural and other spheres,

Reaffirming that the questions of peace and security and those of development are interrelated and inseparable, and considering that cooperation among all States, in particular those of the region, for peace and development is essential to promote the objectives of the zone of peace and cooperation of the South Atlantic,

Aware of the importance that the States of the zone attach to the preservation of the region's environment and recognizing the threat that pollution from any source poses to the marine and coastal environment, its ecological balance and its resources,

Noting the concern expressed on the use of fishing methods and practices that cause the over-exploitation of living marine resources in the high seas, expecially of highly migratory and straddling fish stocks, and that it has an

adverse impact on the conservation and management of living resources of the marine environment within exclusive economic zones,

1. Reaffirms the purpose and objective of the zone of peace and cooperation of the South Atlantic;

2. Takes note of the report submitted by the Secretary-General, in accordance with resolution 46/19; 1/

3. Welcomes the recent initiatives aimed at the full entry into force of the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (Treaty of Tlatelolco) 2/ and stresses the relevance of such initiatives for the advancement of the objectives and principles of the zone of peace and cooperation of the South Atlantic;

4. Affirms the importance of the South Atlantic to global maritime and commercial transactions and its determination to preserve the region for all activities protected by relevant international law, including the freedom of navigation in the high seas;

5. Stresses also the importance for the zone of peace and cooperation of the South Atlantic of the results of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development, held at Rio de Janeiro from 3 to 14 June 1992, particularly the principles of the Rio Declaration on Environment and Development 3/ and the programmes set forth in Agenda 21, 4/ as well as the Framework Convention on Climate Change 5/ and the Convention on Biological Diversity, in the conviction that their implementation will strengthen the basis for cooperation within the zone and for the benefit of the international community as a whole;

6. Notes with interest the hope expressed by the countries of the zone to welcome in the near future a non-racial democratic South Africa into the community of South Atlantic States and, in that connection, urges all parties concerned in South Africa to cooperate with a view to ending the continuing violence and thereby create an atmosphere conducive to negotiations leading to the establishment of a non-racial democratic and united South Africa;

---

1/ A/47/424.

2/ United Nations, Treaty Series, vol. 634, No. 9068.

3/ See Report of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development, Rio de Janeiro, 3-14 June 1992 (A/CONF.151/26 (vol. I, sect. I)).

4/ Ibid., (A/CONF.151/26 (vols. I-III)).

5/ See A/AC.237/18 (Part II)/Add.1 and Corr.1.

7. Expresses its appreciation to the international community for its support of the Economic Community of West African States Peace Plan for Liberia, and hopes that the continuing regional efforts aimed at a peaceful resolution of the Liberian conflict will materialize within the shortest possible time, in order to facilitate reconciliation, national unity, reconstruction and development in that country;

8. Calls upon the parties to the Peace Accords for Angola 6/ to respect all the commitments undertaken in accordance with these accords, in particular with regard to the confinement of their troops and weapons, demobilization, and the formation of the unified national armed force, and to refrain from any act that might heighten tension, impair the conduct of the electoral process and threaten the territorial integrity of the country;

9. Also calls upon the international community to increase humanitarian assistance to both Angola and Liberia;

10. Takes note with satisfaction of the initiative of the Government of Namibia to host a meeting of the Ministers of Trade and Industry of the countries of the zone at Windhoek in the first half of 1993;

11. Requests the relevant organizations, organs and bodies of the United Nations system to render all necessary assistance which States of the zone may seek in their joint efforts to implement the declaration of the zone of peace and cooperation of the South Atlantic;

12. Requests the Secretary-General to keep the implementation of resolution 41/11 and other subsequent resolutions on the matter under review and to submit a report to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session, taking into account, inter alia, the views expressed by Member States;

13. Decides to include in the provisional agenda of its forty-eighth session the item entitled "Zone of peace and cooperation of the South Atlantic".

---

6/ See S/22609, annex; see Official Records of the Security Council, Forty-sixth Year, Supplement for April, May and June 1991, document S/22609.

UNITED
NATIONS

A

General Assembly

Distr.
LIMITED

A/47/L.25
20 November 1992

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Forty-seventh session
Agenda item 141

# EMERGENCY INTERNATIONAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE RECONSTRUCTION OF WAR-STRICKEN AFGHANISTAN

Afghanistan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Chad, Chile, China, Cyprus, El Salvador, Honduras, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Malaysia, Nicaragua, Oman, Pakistan, Russian Federation, Saudi Arabia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Tajikistan, Thailand, Turkey, United Arab Emirates, Uruguay and Yemen: draft resolution

The General Assembly,

Noting that the establishment of the Islamic State in Afgnanistan provides a new opportunity for reconstruction of the country,

Wishing the people of Afghanistan peace and prosperity,

Expressing the hope that the Islamic State will continue its efforts towards further stabilization of the security situation in the country, so that the safe delivery of international aid can be ensured,

Deeply concerned about the massive destruction of properties and the serious damage to the economic and social infrastructure of Afghanistan caused by the fourteen years of war,

Underlining the importance of rehabilitation and reconstruction of Afghanistan for the prosperity of its people, who have suffered many hardships during fourteen years of war and devastation and who have lost the chance for development throughout the conflict,

Aware that Afghanistan continues to suffer from an extremely critical economic situation as a land-locked and least developed country,

Affirming the urgent need to initiate international actions to assist Afghanistan in restoring the basic services and in rebuilding the country,

Noting with sympathy the urgent appeal for international humanitarian assistance made to the international community by the Government of the Islamic State of Afghanistan,

Expressing its hope that the international community will respond adequately to the Consolidated Appeal for Emergency Humanitarian Assistance for Afghanistan, launched by the Secretary-General on 5 June 1992,

Thanking all Governments that have rendered assistance to Afghan refugees, in particular the Governments of Pakistan and the Islamic Republic of Iran, and recognizing the need for international assistance for repatriation and settlement of the refugees and of the internally displaced persons,

Expressing its gratitude to the States and intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations that have responded and continue to respond to the needs of Afghanistan for rehabilitation and reconstruction,

1. Encourages the efforts of the Government and people of the Islamic State of Afghanistan towards rehabilitation and reconstruction;

2. Welcomes with appreciation the efforts undertaken by the Secretary-General in drawing the attention of the international community to the acute problems of Afghanistan, and in mobilizing assistance for rehabilitation and reconstruction of the country;

3. Urgently appeals to all States, organizations and programmes of the United Nations, specialized agencies, and other intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations to provide, on a priority basis, all possible financial, technical and material assistance for repatriation and resettlement of refugees and internally displaced persons, full restoration of basic services and reconstruction of Afghanistan, having in mind the availability of the Afghanistan Emergency Trust Fund as referred to in operative paragraph 5 below;

4. Requests the Secretary-General:

(a) To ensure the continued operation and further strengthening of "humanitarian and economic assistance programmes relating to Afghanistan";

(b) To dispatch, as soon as possible, a team of experts to Afghanistan to evaluate the war damage and destruction and to prepare a comprehensive report, in cooperation with the Government of Afghanistan, on requirements for rehabilitation and reconstruction of the country;

(c) To initiate a plan for mobilizing financial, technical and material assistance, including the convening of a conference of donor States and international financial institutions;

5. Appeals also to all Member States, in particular donor countries, to provide emergency financial assistance to the Afghanistan Emergency Trust Fund established in August 1988, and to consolidated appeals by the Secretary-General for emergency humanitarian assistance for Afghanistan;

6. Invites the international financial institutions and specialized agencies, organizations and programmes of the United Nations system, where appropriate, to bring the special needs of the Islamic State of Afghanistan to the attention of their respective governing bodies for their consideration and to report on the decisions of those bodies to the Secretary-General;

7. Invites the Secretary-General to continue to monitor the overall situation in Afghanistan and make available his good offices as required and to report to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session;

8. Requests the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its forty-eighth session on the progress made in the implementation of the present resolution;

9. Decides to include in the provisional agenda of its forty-eighth session the item entitled "Emergency international assistance for the reconstruction of war-stricken Afghanistan".

---